

# Python for Science and Engg: Interactive Plotting

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SciPy.in 2010, Tutorials

# Outline

- 1 Checklist
- 2 Starting up IPython
- 3 Plotting
  - Drawing plots
  - Decoration
- 4 Multiple plots

# Checklist

- 1 IPython
- 2 Editor - we recommend **scite**
- 3 Data files:
  - `anag.txt`
  - `holmes.txt`
  - `pendulum.txt`
  - `pos.txt`
  - `sslcl.txt`
- 4 Python scripts:
  - `sslcl_allreg.py`
  - `sslcl_science.py`
- 5 Images
  - `lena.png`
  - `smoothing.gif`

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# Starting up ...

```
$ ipython -pylab
```

```
In []: print "Hello, World!"  
Hello, World!
```

Exiting

```
In []: ^D (Ctrl-D)  
Do you really want to exit([y]/n)? y
```

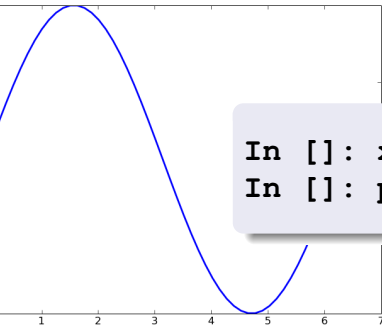
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# First Plot



```
In []: x = linspace(0, 2*pi, 50)  
In []: plot(x, sin(x))
```



# Walkthrough

```
x = linspace(start, stop, num)
```

returns **num** evenly spaced points, in the interval **[start, stop]**.

```
x[0] = start
```

```
x[num - 1] = end
```

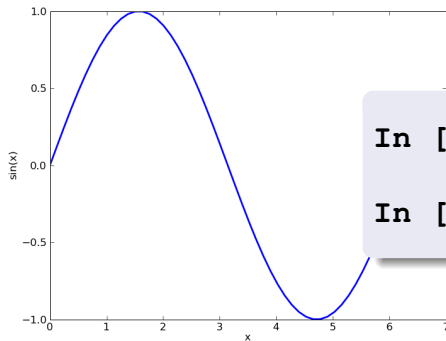
```
plot(x, y)
```

plots **x** and **y** using default line style and color

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# Adding Labels



```
In []: xlabel('x')
```

```
In []: ylabel('sin(x)')
```

# Another example

```
In []: clf()
```

Clears the plot area.

```
In []: y = linspace(0, 2*pi, 50)
```

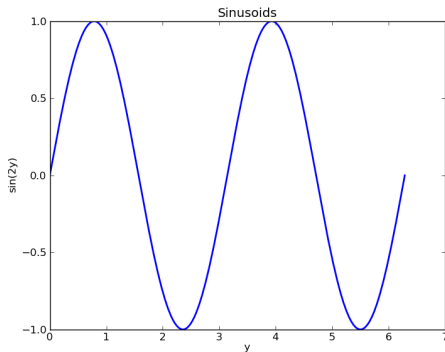
```
In []: plot(y, sin(2*y))
```

```
In []: xlabel('y')
```

```
In []: ylabel('sin(2y)')
```

# Title

```
In []: title('Sinusoids')
```



# Saving & Closing

```
In []: savefig('sin.png')
```

```
In []: close()
```

Supported formats to store images:

- png
- eps - Easy to embed in LaTeX files
- emf
- pdf
- ps
- raw
- rgba
- svg

# IPython tips ...

- Use **TAB** to complete command

## History

- Accesses history (also from past sessions)
- Up and down arrows (**Ctrl-p**/**Ctrl-n**)

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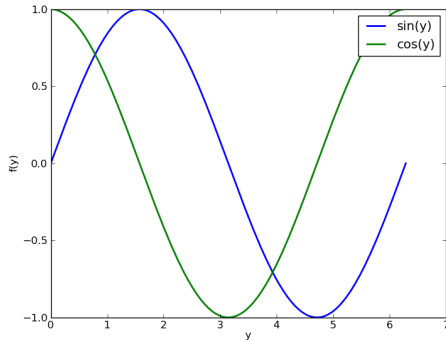
# Overlaid Plots

```
In []: clf()  
In []: plot(y, sin(y))  
In []: plot(y, cos(y))  
In []: xlabel('y')  
In []: ylabel('f(y)')
```

By default plots would be overlaid!

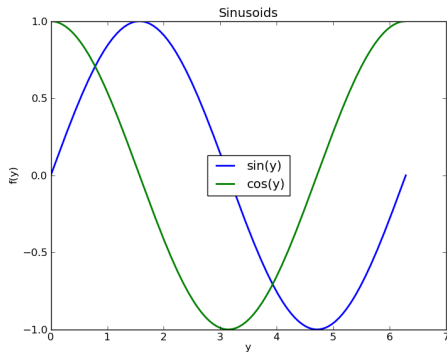
# Legend

```
In []: legend(['sin(y)', 'cos(y)'])
```



# Legend Placement

```
In []: legend(['sin(y)', 'cos(y)'], loc='center')
```



'best'  
'right'  
'center'

# Plotting separate figures

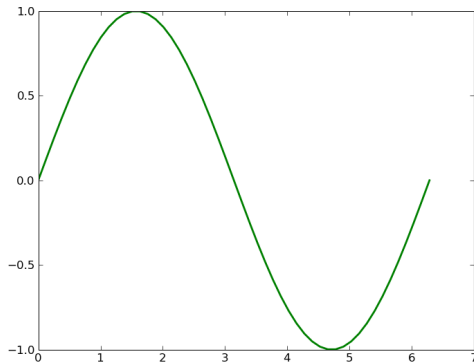
```
In []: clf()
In []: figure(1)
In []: plot(y, sin(y))
In []: figure(2)
In []: plot(y, cos(y))
In []: savefig('cosine.png')
In []: figure(1)
In []: title('sin(y)')
In []: savefig('sine.png')
In []: close()
In []: close()
```

# Showing it better

```
In []: plot(y, cos(y), 'r')
```

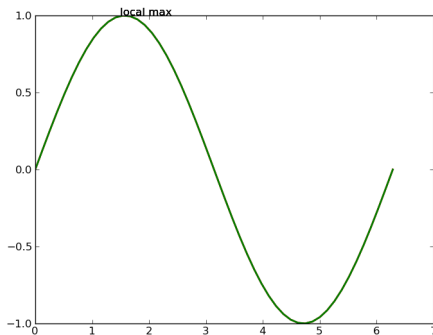
```
In []: clf()
```

```
In []: plot(y, sin(y), 'g', linewidth=2)
```



# Annotating

```
In []: annotate('local max', xy=(1.5, 1))
```



# Axes lengths

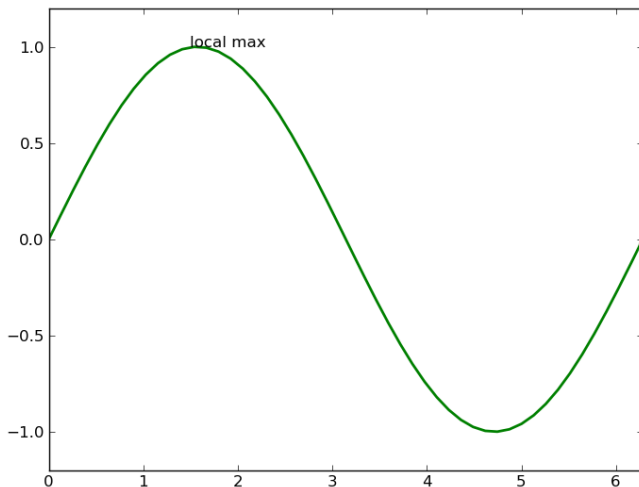
## Getting axes lengths

```
In []: xmin, xmax = xlim()  
In []: ymin, ymax = ylim()  
In []: print xmin, xmax
```

## Set the axes limits

```
In []: xlim(xmin, 2*pi )  
In []: ylim(ymin-0.2, ymax+0.2)
```

# Axes lengths





# IPython tips ...

- Try:

```
In []: plot?
```

to get more information on **plot**

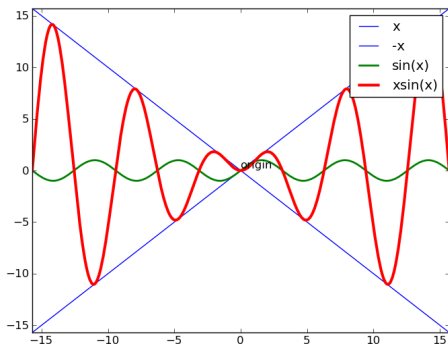
- Try:

```
In []: plot??
```

to see the source code for **plot**

# Review Problem

- 1 Plot  $x$ ,  $-x$ ,  $\sin(x)$ ,  $x\sin(x)$  in range  $-5\pi$  to  $5\pi$
- 2 Add a legend
- 3 Annotate the origin
- 4 Set axes limits to the range of  $x$



# Review Problem ...

## Plotting ...

```
In []: x = linspace(-5*pi, 5*pi, 500)
In []: plot(x, x, 'b')
In []: plot(x, -x, 'b')
In []: plot(x, sin(x), 'g', linewidth=2)
In []: plot(x, x*sin(x), 'r',
            linewidth=3)

:
```

# Review Problem ...

## Legend & Annotation...

```
In []: legend(['x', '-x', 'sin(x)',  
              'xsin(x)'])
```

```
In []: annotate('origin', xy = (0, 0))
```

## Setting Axes limits...

```
In []: xlim(-5*pi, 5*pi)
```

```
In []: ylim(-5*pi, 5*pi)
```

# Command History

Use the `%hist` **magic** command of IPython

```
In []: %hist
```

This displays all the commands typed in so far aka Command History.

Careful about errors!

`%hist` will contain the errors as well.

Magic Commands?

Magic commands are commands provided by IPython to make our life easier.

# Saving commands into script

Use the **%save** magic command of IPython

```
%save script_name line_numbers
```

Line numbers can be specified individually separated by spaces or as a range separated by a dash.

```
%save four_plot.py 16-18 21 25 27-32
```

This saves from the history the commands entered on line numbers 16, 17, 18, 21, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32

# Python Scripts...

Now, four\_plot.py is called a Python Script.

- run the script in IPython using

```
%run four_plot.py
```

```
NameError: name 'linospace' is not defined
```

To avoid this, run using **%run -i four\_plot.py**

# Python Scripts...

Now, four\_plot.py is called a Python Script.

- run the script in IPython using

```
%run four_plot.py
```

**NameError: name 'linspace' is not defined**

To avoid this, run using **%run -i four\_plot.py**



# Doing this in Sage...

- Change the language to =Python=
- Make a simple plot and save it

```
from pylab import *  
x = linspace(0, 2*pi, 50)  
plot(x, sin(x))  
savefig('sample-sin.png')
```

# What did we learn?

- Starting up IPython
- Creating simple plots
- Adding labels and legends
- Annotating plots
- Changing the looks: size, linewidth
- Accessing history, documentation
- **%hist** - History of commands
- **%save** - Saving commands
- Running a script using **%run -i**
- Using **pylab** in Sage